

Writing Overview – Year 3

Cathcart Street Primary School 2024-2025

		Autumn		Spring		Summer	
		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Ste	idy, ady, rite	Unit A: The Iron Man TO MAN TO BLUMPT REFERENCE FOR STORE	Unit B: Fox	Unit C: Rhythm of the Rain	Unit D: Jemmy Button	Unit E: Egyptology	Unit F: Into the Forest
n Pu	riti g rpo es	 Narrative: Approach Threat Narrative Purpose: To narrate Explanation: How to capture the Iron Man Purpose: To explain 	 Narrative: Fable Narrative Purpose: To narrate Information: Foxes Purpose: To inform 	 Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate Recount: River Information Leaflet Purpose: To inform 	● Narrative: Return ● Narrative Purpose: To narrate ● Information: Letters ● Purpose: To recount Instructions:	 Narrative: Egyptian Mystery Narrative Purpose: To narrate Secret Diary Purpose: To recount 	 Narrative: Lost Narrative Purpose: To narrate Recount: Newspaper Report Purpose: To recount
Gr a m m ar	W or d	Build on previous year & focus on: • Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. autosuper- anti	Build on previous units & focus on: • Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. autosuper- anti- (un- and re-)	Build on previous units & focus on: • Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel	Build on previous units & focus on: • Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel • Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: • Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. autosuper- anti- (un-) • Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel • Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: • Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. autosuper- anti- (mis-, in-, dis-, un-) • Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel • Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning

S e n t e n c e	Build on previous year & focus on: • Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although)	Build on previous units & focus on: • Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) • Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of) Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Expressing time, place and cause using	Build on previous units & focus on: • Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: • Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore) • Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: •Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore)
T e x t	Build on previous year & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore) Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Paragraphs to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation

• Use of capital letters, full stops, question • Use of capital letters, full stops, question • Use of capital letters, full stops, question • Apostrophes to mark • Investigation	erted commas to octuate direct • Inverted commas to punctuate direct • Inverted commas to punctuate direct
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Terminology for Pupils

preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas